

Lecture 5

Curvature Singularities of Pseudoconvex Boundaries, Gravitational Field Equations on Fefferman spaces, Wave Maps from Gödel's Universe¹

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Diederich-Fornaess' "worm" domains $\Omega = \{(z, w) \in \mathbb{C}^2 : \rho(z, w) < 0\}$ ($\rho(z, w) := |z - \exp(i \log |w|^2)|^2 - 1 + \eta(\log |w|^2)$, cf. [DiFo]). Failure of Condition R for the Bergman projection

$$Pf(z, w) = \int_{\Omega} K(z, w, \zeta, \omega) f(\zeta, \omega) dV(\zeta, \omega), \quad (\zeta, \omega) \in \Omega,$$

(P doesn't map $C^\infty(\Omega)$ into itself, cf. [Chr]). The Levi flat locus of the boundary $\partial\Omega$ is the annulus $\mathcal{A} = \{(0, w) \in \partial\Omega : |\log |w|^2| \leq \mu\}$ and $M = \partial\Omega \setminus \mathcal{A}$ is a strictly pseudoconvex CR manifold. Structure circles

$$\gamma_{w_0}(\varphi) = (2 \cos [\varphi - \log |w_0|^2] e^{i\varphi}, w_0) \in M, \quad \varphi \in I(w_0),$$

$$I(w_0) = \left[\log |w_0|^2, \log |w_0|^2 + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \subset \mathbb{R}, \quad w_0 \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}, \quad |\log |w_0|^2| \leq \mu,$$

wind at a Levi flat point $(0, w_0) \in \mathcal{A}$. Every lift $\Gamma(\varphi) \in C(M)$ runs into a curvature singularity of the Fefferman metric $F_\theta \in \text{Lor}(C(M))$ (with $\theta = \frac{i}{2} \mathbf{j}^*(\bar{\partial} - \partial)\rho$, $\mathbf{j} : \partial\Omega \hookrightarrow \mathbb{C}^2$, cf. [BDP]).

The total space $\mathcal{M} \simeq \mathbb{H}_1 \times S^1$ of the canonical circle bundle over the 3-dimensional Heisenberg group $\mathbb{H}_1$ is a space-time with Fefferman's metric F_{θ_0} associated to the canonical Tanaka-Webster flat contact form $\theta_0 = dt + i(z d\bar{z} - \bar{z} dz)$. F_{θ_0} isn't flat. The matter and energy content of $(\mathcal{M}, F_{\theta_0})$ is described by the energy momentum tensor $\hat{T}_{\mu\nu}$ [the trace-less Ricci tensor of F_{θ_0}]. First order perturbation $g = F_{\theta_0} + \epsilon h$, $\epsilon \ll 1$, and linearization of the gravitational field equations $R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} R g_{\mu\nu} = \hat{T}_{\mu\nu}$ on $\mathcal{M}$ (cf. [BDJ1]).

Gödel's universe $\mathcal{G}_\alpha^4 = (\mathbb{R}^4, g_\alpha)$ realized as the total space of a principal $\mathbb{R}$ -bundle over a strictly pseudoconvex CR manifold M^3 (cf. [Koc]). For any $\mathbb{R}$ -invariant wave map Φ of $\mathcal{G}_\alpha^4$ into a Riemannian manifold N ,

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the corresponding base map $\phi : M^3 \rightarrow N$ is subelliptic harmonic, with respect to a canonical choice of contact form θ on M^3 . The subelliptic Jacobi operator J_b^ϕ of ϕ has a discrete Dirichlet spectrum (cf. [BDM]) on any bounded domain $D \subset M^3$ supporting the Poincaré inequality on $\mathring{W}_H^{1,2}(D, \phi^{-1}TN)$ and Kondrakov compactness [compactness of the embedding $\mathring{W}_H^{1,2}(D, \phi^{-1}TN) \hookrightarrow L^2(D, \phi^{-1}TN)$]. The solution $\pi : \mathcal{G}_\alpha^4 \rightarrow M^3$ to the wave map system on $\mathcal{G}_\alpha^4$ has index $\text{ind}^\Omega(\pi) \geq 1$, for any bounded domain $\Omega \subset \mathcal{G}_\alpha^4$. Mounoud's distance $d_{G_0, \Omega}^\infty(g_\alpha, F_\theta)$ is bounded below by a constant depending only on the rotation frequency of Gödel's universe [a measure of the bias of g_α from being Fefferman-like in the region $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^4$].

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